

Wellhead Protection Plan

for

Center Ridge Water District #2

KY0180509, Calloway County

356 Pineview Drive New Concord, KY 42076

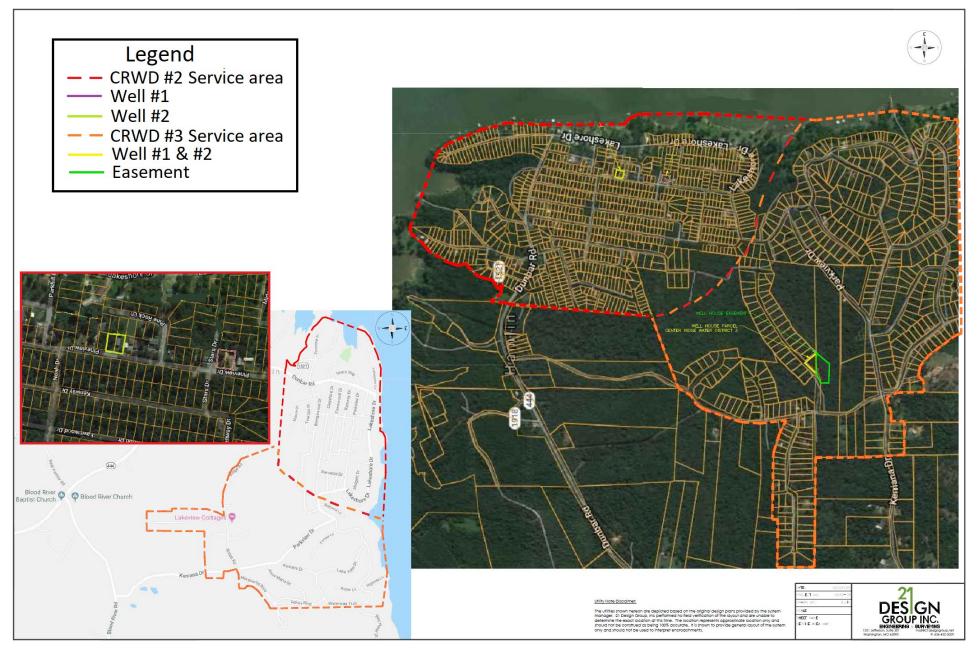
WPP Phase I approved on January 24, 2000 & WPP Phase II approved on September 4, 2003 by the Kentucky Division of Water

Revisions and recertification to be conducted by water system personnel every five (5) years. Revised by Central States Water Resources EH&S personnel on August 20, 2020

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Attachment 1 Service Area of Center Ridge Water District #2



THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE

KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER DRINKING WATER BRANCH

Revised 05/26/20

MONTHLY OPERATION REPORT (MOR)--ALL WATER SYSTEMS

MONTH & YEAR (mm/yyyy)

06/2020

Indicate one with "X"

X GROUNDWATER

PURCHASE/DISTRIBUTE ONLY

PWS ID :	KY0180509 PLANT ID:		PLANT NAME:	Center Ridge Water System #2
PWS NAME:	Center Ridge Water System #2		PLANT CLASS: I	DIST. CLASS: I
AGENCY INTEREST (AI):	33825	<u>-</u>	DATE MAILED:	
SOURCE NAME:	Wel		COUNTY:	
	OPERATOR(S) RESPONS	SIBLE / IN-CHARGE	CLASS	CERTIFICATION NUMBER
WTP SHIFT 1:	Freddie '	Bryan	IV	595
WTP SHIFT 2:	-			
WTP SHIFT 3:				
DISTRIBUTION:	Freddie O	'Bryan	III	27595
THIS RE	PORT MUST BE RECEIV	ED BY THE DIVISION	OF WATER AND A	PPLICABLE FIELD OFFICE
	NO LATER 1	HAN 10 DAYS AFTER	THE END OF THE I	MONTH.
TREATMENT PLANTS C				
•	OWIF LLTL.	35		
1. DESIGN CAPACITY (gpm):	_			
2. TYPE OF FILTRATION USE				
3. DESIGN FILTRATION RATE	(gpm/sq. ft.):			
4. PERCENT BACKWASH WA	TER USED:	#VALUE	<u>!</u>	
5. DATE FLOCCULATION BAS	IN(S) LAST CLEANED:			
6. DATE SETTLING BASIN(S)	LAST CLEANED:			

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted herein. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. See KRS 224.99-010 and 401 KAR 8:020. (Penalities under this statute and regulation may include fines up to \$25,000 per violation or by imprisonment for not more that one year, or both).



PWS ID : KY018050
PLANT ID: A REPORT MONTH/YEAR: 06/2020 1 PAGE OF

KY0180509

APPLICABLE TO ALL PLANTS

								PAGE 1		OF 11		
	RAW WATER TREATED	HOURS PLANT OPERATED	COAG	ULANT	COAG	ULANT	pH ADJUSTMENT Pre			ECTANT re	DISINFECTANT	
DAY	GALLONS	OI EIGHTED	LBS	PPM	LBS	PPM	LBS	PPM	LBS	PPM	LBS	PPM
1	No meter		LDS	FFM	LDS	rrm.	LDS	FFM	LDS	FFM	LBS	FFM
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
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19												
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24												
25												
26												
27												
28												
29												
30												
31 TOTAL												
AVERAGE												
MAX		<u> </u>										

NUMBER DAYS IN OPERATION

APPLICABLE TO ALL PLANTS

PWS ID : KY0180509 PLANT ID: Α

REPORT MONTH/YEAR:

06/2020

PAGE

OF 11

		ANALYTICAL RESULTS (mg/L OR F			PPM UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)									
		рН		TO	TAL LINITY	то	TAL DNESS		CHLORINE	RESIDUAL			TURBIDITY	(NTU)
		TOP OF]					FIL	OF TER	PL/	AΡ		SETTLED	PLANT
DAY	RAW	FILTER	TAP	RAW	TAP	RAW	TAP	TOTAL	FREE	TOTAL	FREE	RAW	WATER	TAP
1										0.80				
2										0.72				
3										0.67				
4										0.70				
5										0.76				
6										0.77				
7										0.81				
8										0.50				
9										0.56				
10										0.71	0.64			
11										0.71	0.67			
12										0.54	0.82			
13										0.75	0.81			
14										0.76	0.80			
15										0.71	0.81			
16										0.74	0.59			
17										0.64	0.63			
18										0.76	0.74			
19										0.70	0.65			
20										0.72	0.62			
21										0.67	0.52			
22										0.68	0.52			
23										0.71	0.87			
24										0.75	0.90			
25										0.82	1.01			
26										0.98	0.98			
27										0.99	1.00			
28										0.87	0.85			
29										0.86	0.83			
30										0.81	0.84			
31														
AVERAGE										0.74	0.77			

KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER - DRINKING WATER BRANCH WATER TREATMENT PLANT - MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT

APPLICABLE TO ALL PLANTS

PWSID: PLANT ID:

5

KY0180509

REPORT MONTH/YEAR:

06/2020

*Please answer Y/N question below this chart.

PAGE

OF

	ANALYTICAL RESULTS (mg/L OR PPM UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED)														
	FLU	ORIDE	IF	RON	MANGANESE		MANGANESE		PHOSPHATE		PHOSPHATE		Lowest Daily Chlorine Residual Plant Tap On-Line Chlorine Analyzer	RAINFALL	WATER TEMP. DEGREES
DAY	RAW	TAP	RAW	TAP	RAW	TAP	RAW	TAP	Total	INCHES	F ⁰ /C ⁰				
1									0.80						
2									0.72						
3									0.67						
4									0.70						
5									0.76						
6									0.77						
7									0.81						
8									0.50						
9									0.56						
10									0.71						
11									0.71						
12									0.54						
13									0.75						
14									0.76						
15									0.71						
16									0.74						
17									0.64						
18									0.76						
19									0.70						
20									0.72						
21									0.67						
22									0.68						
23									0.71						
24									0.75						
25									0.82						
26									0.98						
27									0.99						
28									0.87						
29									0.86						
30									0.81						
31									0.0.						
AVERAGE									Monthly Minimum	l otal Rainfall	AVG Temp				
									0.50						
							Number o	of readings	30	0.00					
							For Free Ch	lorine, # less .2 mg/L	0	Y	•				
	District	4 Ohlass	-0 (M/N)	, and			For Chloran	nines, # less			4 of 7				
	<u>טוsintectan</u>	t Chloramine	s ? (Y/N)	N			than 0	.5 mg/L		N	. 5. ,				

ALL WATER SYSTEMS

PWS ID : KY0180509
PLANT ID: A

REPORT MONTH/YEAR: 06/2020

PAGE 7 OF 11 CHEMICALS ADDED TOTAL (T) AND FREE (F) CHLORINE RESIDUAL (ppm) CHLORINE CHLORINE BOOSTER BOOSTER NORTH SOUTH WEST EAST LBS 8 0.55 10 11 0.52 0.53 12 0.61 13 0.56 14 15 0.45 16 0.51 0.52 17 0.64 0.52 19 0.41 0.51 21 22 0.61 0.65 23 24 0.63 25 0.64 26 1.02 27 0.60 0.63 28 0.61 29 0.52 30 31 0.58 AVERAGE Total Minimum 0.41 Total # Chlorine Samples 0 21 0 0 0 0 0 # Less than 0.2 mg/L/0.5 mg/L 0.41 Number of Free Residuals Υ Minimum Monthly Free Residual Number of Total Residuals Minimum Monthly Total Residual Disinfectant Chloramines? (Y/N) 0 0.00 Ν Total # Less than 0.2 mg/L Number of days of operation? 0 Total # Less than 0.5 mg/L

KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER / DRINKING WATER BRANCH MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT (MOR) PLANT SUMMARY FORM

PWS ID	KY0180509		MONITORING PERIOD (MMYYYY) 06/2020	<u> </u>
	Y NOTE: COM		L APPLICABLE FIELDS!!! NOT ALL OF THE FIELDS ARE POPULATED FOR YOU!!!	PRE-
			ORMATION	
	AP		TO ALL PLANTS	
PLANT ID A			TAL WATER TREATED (gallons)	
PLANT NAME	Center Ridge Water System #2	AV	E. DAILY PRODUCTION (gallons)	
AGENCY INTERE	EST 0	MA	XIMUM PUMPAGE (gallons per day)	
			EFFLUENT TURBIDITY	
	APPLICABL	E TO ALL PL	ANTS WITH FILTRATION	
Were measureme Was there a failur If Yes, (1) we (2) wa Was individual filte Was individual filte	onitored continuously? (Y/N) ents recorded every 15 minutes? (Y/N) re of the continuous monitoring equipment ere individual filter effluent turbidity grab sa as the continuously monitoring equipment re er level greater than 1.0 NTU in two conse er level greater than 0.5 NTU in two conse	imples collect repaired within ecutive measu ecutive measu ecutive measu	n 5 working days? (Y/N) urements? (Y/N) urements after on line for more than four hours? (Y/N) urements in three consecutive months? (Y/N)	
If any of the last	4 boxes are YES, fill out the Individual	Filter Turbic	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Filter Turbio	dity Sheet and submit with the MOR	ION
COM	4 boxes are YES, fill out the Individual IBINED FILTER EFFLUENT TURBIDITY ABLE TO ALL PLANTS WITH FILTRATION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ION
ANALYTE CODE Number of hours of Were samples tak Number of sample Highest single turl For all filtration ex Number of sam	ABINED FILTER EFFLUENT TURBIDITY ABLE TO ALL PLANTS WITH FILTRATIO 0100 of plant operation ken every 4 hours of plant operation? (Y/Nes taken	ON 0.0	dity Sheet and submit with the MOR ENTRY POINT RESIDUAL DISINFECTANT CONCENTRAT	0 y 30 0.50
ANALYTE CODE Number of hours of Were samples tak Number of sample Highest single turb For all filtration ex Number of sar Number of sar Number of sar When filtration is s Number of sar	ABINED FILTER EFFLUENT TURBIDITY ABLE TO ALL PLANTS WITH FILTRATIO 0100 of plant operation ken every 4 hours of plant operation? (Y/Nes taken bidity reading keept slow sand filtration: mples exceeded 0.1 NTU mples exceeded 1 NTU slow sand filtration: mples exceeded 1 NTU slow sand filtration: mples exceeded 1 NTU mples exceeded 1 NTU mples exceeded 5 NTU	0.0 N) 0 0.00	ANALYTE CODE 0999 Number of days of plant operation Were samples taken each day of operation? (Y/N) Number of lowest chlorine samples recorded Lowest single chlorine reading If less than required: Was residual restored within 4 hours of plant operation? (Y/N) Pree Chlorine (for all disinfectants except chloromine): Number of samples under 0.2 mg/L Total Chlorine (when disinfectant is Chloramine): Number of samples under 0.5 mg/L	0 y 30 0.50
ANALYTE CODE Number of hours of Were samples tak Number of sample Highest single turl For all filtration ex Number of sar	ABINED FILTER EFFLUENT TURBIDITY ABLE TO ALL PLANTS WITH FILTRATIO O100 of plant operation ken every 4 hours of plant operation? (Y/N es taken bidity reading keept slow sand filtration: mples exceeded 0.1 NTU mples exceeded 0.3 NTU mples exceeded 1 NTU slow sand filtration: mples exceeded 1 NTU	0.0 N) 0.00	ANALYTE CODE 0999 Number of days of plant operation? Were samples taken each day of operation? (Y/N) Number of lowest chlorine samples recorded Lowest single chlorine reading If less than required: Was residual restored within 4 hours of plant operation? (Y/N) Pree Uniorine (for all disinfectants except chlorine): Number of samples under 0.2 mg/L Total Chlorine (when disinfectant is Chloramine):	0 y 30 0.50

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted herein. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. Violations of 401 KAR Chapter 8 are subject to severe penalties prescribed in KRS 224.99-010, up to \$25,000 fine per day per violation and in some cases a violation may subject the violator to prison.



KENTUCKY DIVISION OF WATER / DRINKING WATER BRANCH MONTHLY OPERATING REPORT (MOR) SUMMARY FORM

PWS ID KY0180	0509	MONITORING PERIOD (M	MYYYY) 06/2020
AI 33825		ALL APPLICABLE FIELDS!!! NOT ALI	OF THE FIELDS ARE PRE-
	N	POPULATED FOR YOU!!!	
PL	JRCHASED	SOLI)
FROM WHOM? (PWS ID		TO ALL WATER SYSTEMS	HOW MICH2 (gallons)
FROM WHOM? (PWS IL	HOW MUCH? (gallons)	TO WHOM? (PWS ID)	HOW MUCH? (gallons)
ī	_		
		<u> </u>	
	_		
	_		
	_	-	
_			
		L DISINFECTANT CONCENTRATION	
	APPLICABLE T	O ALL WATER SYSTEMS	
ANALYTE CODE 0999		L roo Chloring (for all digintestants over	cent chieramine)
Number of days of operation		hree Chlorine (for all disinfectants exc	,
Were samples taken each day	y of operation? (Y/N)		
Number of samples taken:		Total Chlorine (when disinfectant is cl	
FREE	2		L
TOTAL		<u>0</u>	
Lowest single FREE chlorine r			
Lowest single TOTAL chlorine	e reading 0.00	0	

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted herein. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, the submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment. Violations of 401 KAR Chapter 8 are subject to severe penalties prescribed in KRS 224.99-010, up to \$25,000 fine per day per violation and in some cases a violation may subject the violator to prison.

KENTUCKY WELL	L INSPECTION FORM	\overline{A}
(1) AKGWA NUMBER O O O H - 9 O (2) OWNER/FACILITY INFORMATION Marty Fulf-e// Well Owner's Name: Cool Water Warks Mailing Address: 405 South Fourth Street City: MURRAY State: KY Zip: 4	Attach We	Record ZG3
Well Address (if different) 400 PUSEVIEW DEVE City: HAMLIN State: KY Zip: Phone: (50 Z) 757-7668 (4) USGS Quadrangle Name County WELL LOCATION Latitude 36° 35' 33" Longitude	(3) WELL RECORD LABEL LOCAL () well casing () pressure () well cap () electrical () pump () other () Blue Grass () E. Coal Field () Miss. Plateau ()	C OR HYDROLOGIC REGION Ohio River Alluvium W. Coal Field Jackson Purchase
(6) DRILLER INFORMATION Who Constructed Well? () unknown Address: City: State: Zip: Date Well Completed: () unknown (7) GENERAL Type of Construction: (9) WELLHEAD Is Well Located in a Pit?	(13) WELL USE (check all that apply) () domestic () livestock () not used () public () irrigation () abandoned () industrial () monitoring () other PWSID# 0(8050) Water Withdrawal Permit #	() top of casing By () map
Type of Construction: () drilled/augered () excavate & backfill () hand dug/blasted Depth of Well: () measured () reported () unknown Static Water Level, ft. below surface: () measured () reported () not measured () not measured () not measured () can't be measured Is Well Located in a Pit? () yes. () no () unknown Wellhead (casing top): () flush mount () locking cap () open () unknown Casing Above Ground Level? () yes () no () unknown Discharge Pipe Below Surface? () yes () no () unknown Pitless Adapter Used? () yes () no () unknown	Number of People Served: Number of Service Connections: 7 Any Quantity Problems? () yes () no Any Quality Problems? () yes () no If "yes", describe in COMMENTS section, below. (15) COMPLIANCE TO STANDARDS Construction in Compliance with KY Standards () yes () no () unknown () pre-law If "no", describe in COMMENTS section, below. (16) RELATIVE LOCATION () upgradient () sidegradient () unknown () downgradient () varying () N/A	() ultraviolet () chlorination () aeration () charcoal filter () sand filter () iron treatment () fluoridation () other
Well Yield: () gpm () gph () gpd () measured () estimated () unknown () estimated () unknown () surface ANNULAR MATERIAL: () clay () drill cuttings () cement () unknown () open () sand () gravel () concrete pad (10) PUMP DETAILS Date Installed: () unknown Month () bailer () bailer () none () other () unknown () other () unknown () other () unknown () other () a wire () a wire () unknown () 2 wire () 3 wire () unknown (11) WELL CONSTRUCTION DETAILS Feet Below Surface Casing Casing Casing Wall Thickness (in.)	(17) INSPECTION INFORMATION Date of Inspection: (2	(20) OPTIONAL USE Will Owner Allow State Access? (
(12) SKETCH MAP OF VICINITY The string of t	Alternate Well ID#: (21) COMMENTS: IN JOHN DEWERS (22) INSPECTOR IDENTIFICATION Name: ELUSON FRME A Signature of Inspector:	Mi Inspector ID#

Distribution: White copy to DOW, pink copy to Inspecting Agency, yellow copy to Owner.

KENTUCKY WATER 1	MELL INSPECTION O	KIVI
00006-4329		
(2) CEMENAL INFORMATION RICHARD RICHARD DISTINCT &	2006-41 22 ***********************************	399
City No. 1 Cap 10 Cap 1	2076 (3) WELL RECORD LABEL LOCATION:	
Francis 270 293-6228		2000 2000 200 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000
(a) WELL LOCATION: USGS Caredrangie Name: Avril 17. Cerrory: CALCANY Elevation: 1 map alignment other Latitude: A Same Service	PWSID *: KYOLSOS Permit *: [8] WELL SERVICE: Number of process serves: 372	(10) TYPE OF TREATMENT SYSTEM: I norm I wall systems: I wall s
(5) WELL CHASACTERISTICS: Lethis a hand dug well? () yes () to () with great with a constructed well?	Number of people serves: \$ [c] Number of people serves: \$ [c] Any quantity problems? } yes \$ [no Any quality problems? } [no Any quality problems?] [no Any quality problems] [no Any quality probl	() sand ther () non ethicular () oftwee
Address:	#0xCtipe:	is a treatment bypans
City: State: Cip Date wall was completed: Casing Casing Inside Second Surface Wall Total depth: I S to the casing a fact above the graund? Type In Casing Casing Inside Second Surface Wall Type (a) Watnesse (in) From To Thickness	(B) COMPLIANCE TO STANDARDS: is this well in compliance with state water well con- showlon standards? (See) in () simulows if yo, possible describes:	avaliable? Viss Coality problem requiring from the Coality problem requiring from the Coality for the Coality
	Calle of Inapaction: 4 // (3 cm	eckona: () ingrains inspectant
to the water discharge pipe below ground surface? to the water discharge pipe below ground surface? to a pithera adapter used? () yes	Wes a water quality sumple taken as part of this inspection? Reserve for inspection (check all that are applicable): percent water quality areas to respect on percent of the property of the percent	Specity:
Fumplype: yet (submersion tandle orp betime tose betime tooket other Level *1 pump int*ket if unknown Age *1 pump: yes tovid 3 was 2200 unknown Electric connection for *unen; 2 wire tovid 3 was 2200 unknown	(12) OPTIONAL USE: Will well owing allow elate maniforing?	(A) measure sidely water were
Simple were level: A pelity suctace () required () reported	(13) COMMENTS:	
The source of the measures of the measures of the source o	This 1905 Well is for la	20 88
SKETCH MAP:	A CACS	
	Agency: Cro. X DON 1 DVM	SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC SSC
	*ain: J. J. Numbe	2 of 2

Contribution where complication, but the complication of the terms of the complete c

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Attachment 4 WHPP Drinking Water Planning Team

Leader:

Jay Favor, CSWR – Director Environmental Health & Safety

Oversees all facility operations for Bluegrass Water UOC. Directs team to carry out operation tasks.

Team:

Ali Alexander, CSWR – Environmental Compliance Officer

Oversees facility compliance with State and Federal Regulations/Statutes.

Stacy Culleton, CSWR – Director Customer Experience

Oversees communications between operators and customers.

Gina Nolan, CSWR – Customer Experience Representative

Carries out customer communication.

Terry Merritt, Midwest Water Operations – Vice President

Oversees all facility operators and directs staff to carry out daily operation tasks.

Freddie O'Bryan, Midwest – Operator (Primary)

Oversees facility operations.

Cody Kirby, Midwest - Operator (Back-up)

Oversees facility operations.



Executive

Josiah Cox President Todd Thomas Vice President

Engineering

Jon Meany Engineer

Ben Lucas Engineer Environmental Health & Safety

Director
Kaleb Stephens
CMMS Admin.

Jay Favor

Ali Alexander Env. Compliance Customer Experience

Stacy Culleton Director

Gina Nolan Representative

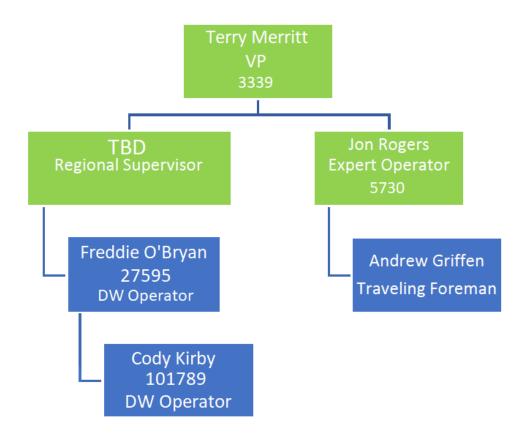
Operations Teams

Jake Freeman

Director







Attachment 5 WHPA Delineation Information

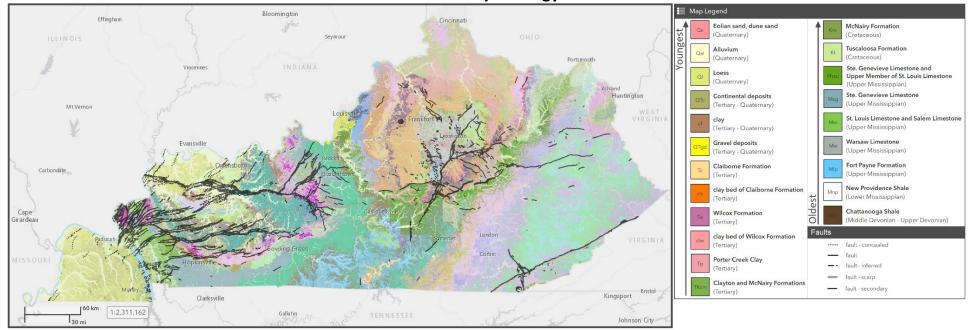
There was no pump testing or slug testing done to determine aquifer characteristics. Well construction records were absent. The information available was not sufficient to run a groundwater modeling program.

Center Ridge Water District #2 (previously named Cool Water Works) is situated directly over a northeast-southwest trending fault system.

Due to the nature of the fault system, it was decided that an arbitrary fixed radius method could not be used. Therefore, a conservative delineation was employed which encompasses the entire fault system in the WHPA zone 1. WHPA zones 2 and 3 were determined to be the hydrologic boundary of the watershed where the Cool Water Works well is located, as seen on the delineation map (Attachment #6).

Unfortunately, this type of delineation of the WHPA is not the most accurate method to use in determining protection areas. However, due to the limited information available, the type of aquifer in use, and the cost of obtaining data, the conservative delineation is the best available method for determining the wellhead protection area.

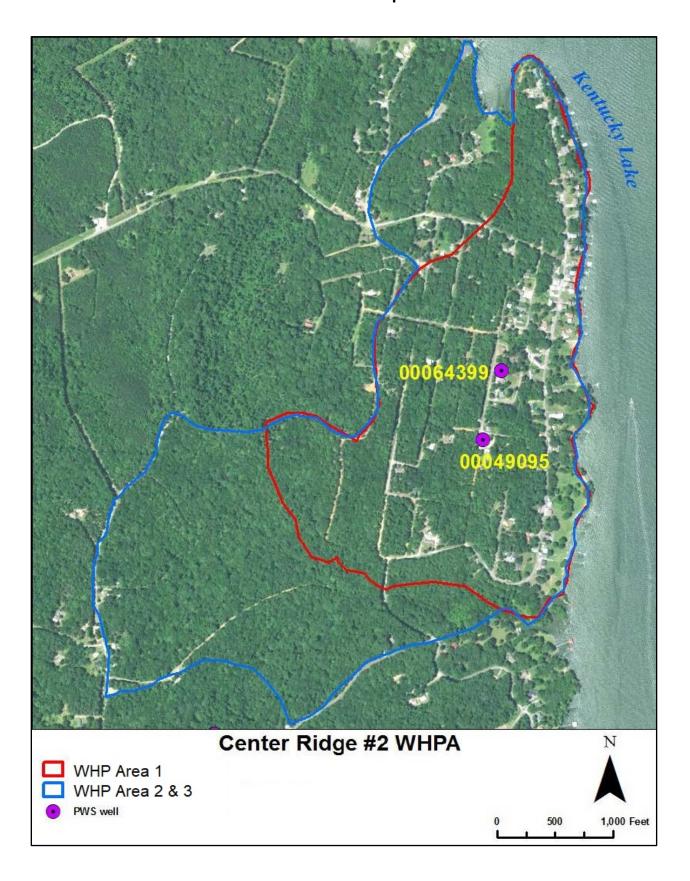
Kentucky Geology



Center Ridge Water District #2 Geology



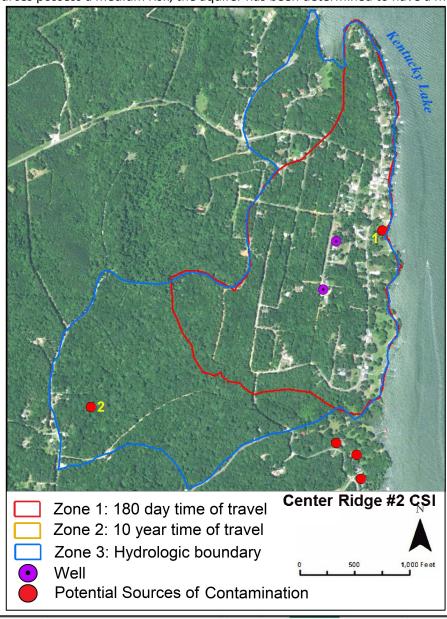
Attachment 6 Delineation Map



Attachment 7 Contaminant Source Inventory Summary & Map

Center Ridge Water District #2 withdraws water from the fractured limestone of the Fort Payne Formation. The surrounding area is primarily rural in nature. The susceptibility analysis suggests the aquifer's susceptibility to contamination to be a medium risk. This is influenced by the nature of the aquifer, which has a medium sensitivity value, as well as the number of potential contaminates located in the protection area The wellhead protection area delineation was completed by the Kentucky Division of Water and approved in 2000.

A total of 124 potential sources of contamination are located within the entire wellhead protection area. All of potential contaminant sources are classified as medium risk. These would include 97 septic tanks located within WHPA-1, and 27 septic tanks in WHPA-2. Therefore, since the majority of potential contaminant sources possess a medium risk, the aquifer has been determined to have a medium risk.



	Conta	aminant Source Inventor	y and	Susc	eptibil	ity Analy	sis for		
		Center Ridge	Water I	Distric	t 2				
Contaminant Source ID#	Contaminant Source/Land Use	Address	Quantity	WHPA	Proximity Ranking	Contaminant Value	Hydrologic Sensitivity	The State Control of the State	Susceptibility Ranking
1	Septic Systems	Center Ridge #2, Lakeshore Dr, Hamlin, KY	97	1	3	2	4	16	High
2	Septic Systems	Center Ridge #2, Lakeshore Dr, Hamlin, KY	27	3	1	2	4	12	Medium
				Susc	eptibility Ra	nking Totals:	High	Med	Low
					124		97	27	0

Attachment 8

Previous Management Strategy and Newly Proposed Management Strategies

The purpose behind managing a wellhead protection area is to minimize the impact of land uses that threaten the quality and quantity of the public's drinking water supply. The underlying theme is simply to prevent pollution. Preventing pollution is the key to keeping groundwater supplies safe and to protect public health. Once a drinking water supply becomes contaminated, the community is faced with the difficult and costly task of installing additional treatment facilities or locating an alternate source.

Virtually all man-made land use activities have the potential to degrade groundwater quality. There are numerous factors that control the impact of land uses upon groundwater. The two most prominent factors are the geology of the area and the type of land use. The geology controls the direction and rate that a contaminant can travel, whereas the land use dictates the quantity and toxicity of the contaminant. This means that a particular land use in a less sensitive geologic setting may never significantly impact groundwater quality, but the same land use in a geologically sensitive setting can render groundwater unusable for human consumption. This is why a management plan must be tailored to each public water system.

The overall strategy of the management plan is to minimize the impact of the threats identified in the contaminant source inventory through regulatory and/or non-regulatory means.

Management Strategies

The Center Ridge Water District #2 possesses no jurisdictional or regulatory authority; therefore, it will work within the framework of existing regulations to protect its groundwater. The District will write a groundwater protection plan to address the operation of a groundwater supply well and septic tanks.

As a public water supply, the District serves a community population of residential homes. Therefore, an intensive public education initiative will not be beneficial as the population is continually changing. The groundwater protection plan will serve as the primary management tool utilized by Center Ridge Water District #2.

Attachment 9 WHPP Contingency and Planning

Emergency Response Phone List

Local Emergency Response	Phone Number
Operator: Freddie O'Bryan	(270) 331-8482
Ambulance District: Murray-Calloway Co. EMS	(270) 753-9333
Fire Department: Fire-Rescue	(270) 753-4112
Kentucky State Fire Marshall	(502) 573-0382
Sheriff's Department: Calloway	(270) 753-3151
State Highway Patrol: KSP Post 1	(270) 856-3721

Kentucky DOW: Frankfort	(502) 564-3410
Kentucky DOW RO: Paducah	(270) 898-8468
Kentucky Environmental Response Team	(502) 564-2380
24-hr Emergency Response Line	(800) 928-2380
County Health Department: Calloway	(270) 753-3381
Kentucky Public Service Commission	(502) 564-3940

Bluegrass Water UOC Customer Service	(866) 752-8982
Jay Favor	(314) 380-8525
Ali Alexander	(314) 380-8533
Stacy Culleton	(314) 380-8546
Gina Nolan	(314) 380-8544

Procedures for Public Notification:

In the event of a water system emergency that would threaten the health or life of the public, use the following procedure. Provide Jay Favor, Ali Alexander, Stacy Culleton, and Gina Nolan a summary of the issue including time of onset, if the KyDOW was notified, and if the County Health Department was notified. Stacy & Gina will draft public notification and directions for customers which will be provided to customers on the Bluegrass Water UOC website, facebook, by email, and/or by direct handout via the operator. Stacy & Gina will coordinate with Ali to communicate with appropriate regulatory authority as needed. If additional notification is needed use the local newspaper as directed.

Potential Future Problems:

The most common scenario that could threaten the water supply is bacteriological and/or chemical contamination from a leaking septic system.

Alternative Water Supply (Short and Long Term):

Bacteriological contamination is mitigated by disinfecting the water system. If there were indicators of bacteriological contamination in the drinking water the facility would be placed on a boil water advisory until the problem is eliminated. If chemical contamination (such as nitrate/nitrite) is discovered in the water the facility would be placed on a do not drink advisory until the source of contamination was discovered and eliminated. If a long-term solution is needed, the facility would add centralized/localized treatment to eliminate the issue. As needed, water could be hauled in for use during these events.

Schedule for Update and Review:

The Wellhead Protection Plan will be reviewed regularly and updated every five years as required by regulation.

Attachment 10 Public Education Material



Generic Groundwater Protection Plan: Residential Septic Systems

HOMEOWNER'S SEPTIC SYSTEM GUIDE AND RECORD KEEPING FOLDER

The purpose of 401 KAR 5:037 and this groundwater protection plan is to prevent groundwater pollution. Understanding how your septic system works and following good operation and maintenance practices are the keys to preventing groundwater pollution.

This folder provides you with that information. By carefully reading it and following the guidelines, you will not only protect groundwater, but also should receive many years of trouble-free service from your system.

Keeping records will enable you to better protect and maintain your septic system. In case you sell your house, your records will show a prospective buyer that your system has been properly maintained.

FOR YOUR RECORDS

- 1. Maintenance Log: Date, what was done and reason for the maintenance (Example: measure sludge and scum layers, pump the tank).
- 2. Inspection Log: Date, what you observed upon walking over the septic system (Example: any unpleasant odors, soggy soil, lush green grass over the lateral lines, surfacing wastewater).
- 3. Site Drawing: Show accurately the layout of the system on your lot. Include exact distances of each portion of the system from at least two (2) fixed reference points (corner of house, garage, large trees, property line markers).

 Any permits or receipt 	S.	
5. Residential Address _		

Sketch Septic Tank and Drainlines Location Here															

Septic System Type:

Septic tank - drainfield
Septic tank – constructed wetland - drainfield
Septic tank – leaching chambers

Septic tank – low pressure pipe
Septic tank – sewage lagoon - drainfield
Septic tank – gravelless pipe

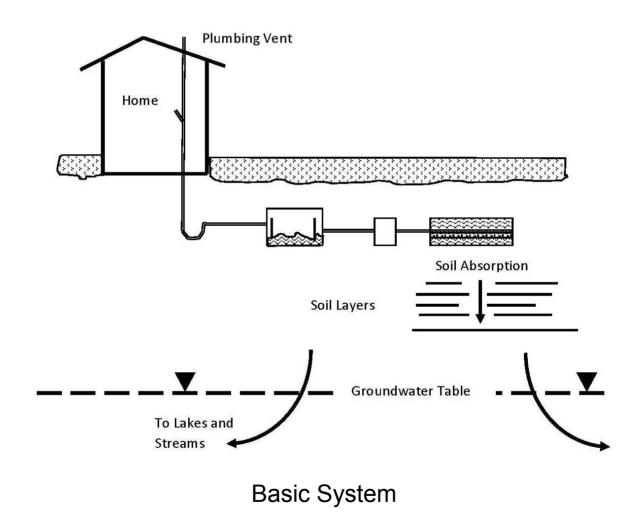
System Inspection Log				
Date	System Inspection Log Description			

System Maintenance Log

Date	Description

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

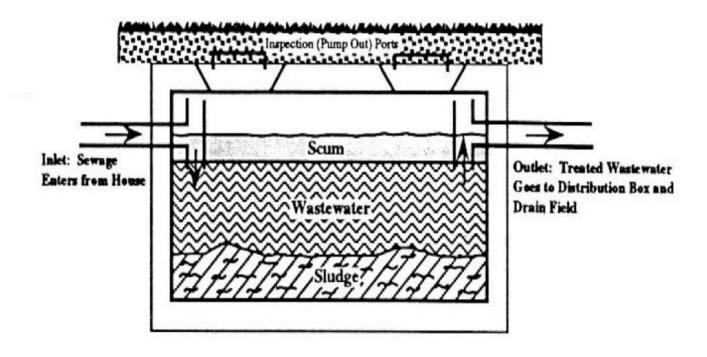
A septic system uses natural processes to treat and dispose of the wastewater in your home. It typically consists of a septic tank and a drainfield (also called a leachfield, lateral field, or subsurface soil absorption beds/trenches). The system accepts both "blackwater" (toilet wastes) and "greywater" (wastes from the kitchen sink, bath tub/showers, and laundry). Water that should not be discharged to the system includes water from foundation or footing drains, roof gutters, and other "clear" water.



4 of 9

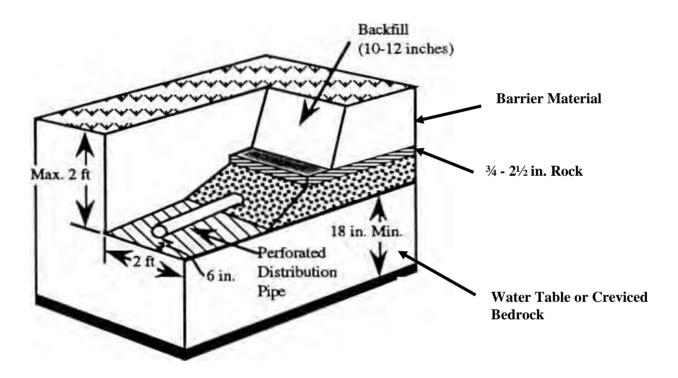
SEPTIC TANK

The septic tank provides the first step in treatment by separating the solids from the liquids. The wastewater is retained in the tank for 24 hours or more. During this time the heavier solids settle the bottom to form a sludge layer while the lighter solids float to the top to form a scum layer. Bacteria break down the solids, producing carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, and other gases in the process. These gases are vented through the plumbing vent on your house roof. Since the bacteria reduce only about 40 percent of the sludge and scum volume, the tank must be pumped regularly (approximately every three to five years) to remove the accumulated solids. If the tank fills with sludge and scum, the solids will overflow into the drainfield and quickly clog the soil, resulting in system failure.



THE DRAINFIELD

The drainfield provides the final treatment of the wastewater and disposes of it through groundwater recharge. The typical drainfield is composed of trenches or beds which are shallow, level excavations installed one to one and a half feet above the groundwater table. Each trench contains a perforated distribution pipe through which wastewater drains into the gravel. The water is stored in the gravel until it can seep into unsaturated soil underlying and adjacent to the trench. As the wastewater moves slowly through the gravel and soil, many of the disease-causing bacteria and viruses are filtered out, or adsorbed and held by the soil particles until they die. Where soils do not permit a drainfield to adequately treat septic tank effluent, an additional or alternative treatment system must be used in conjunction with the drainfield. Alternative systems primarily used in Kentucky are constructed wetlands and sewage lagoons. These alternative systems have their own operation and maintenance guidelines. If you would like information about these guidelines, contact the Groundwater Section.

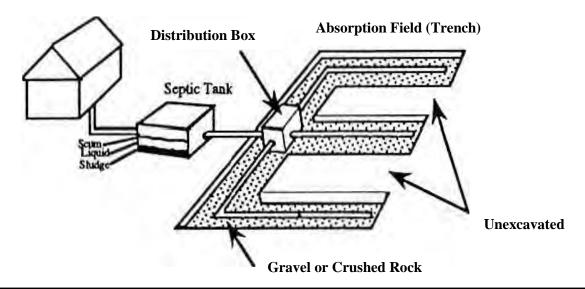


Conventional Rock Drainfield
Trench Cross-Section

TAKING CARE OF YOUR SYSTEM

Your septic system represents a significant investment worth protecting. The old "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is so true when it comes to the care of your septic system. If you follow the operation and maintenance guidelines below, your system will function better and last longer, and you will avoid the nightmare and se of a failed system. Most important, your a will not be polluting groundwater.

Conventional Septic System



DO

- Conserve water to reduce the amount of wastewater that must be treated and disposed.
- Repair any leaking faucets and toilets.
- Discharge only biodegradable wastes into system.
- Divert down spouts and other surface water away from your drainfield.
- Keep your septic tank cover accessible for tank inspections and pumping
- Have your septic tank pumped regularly and checked for leaks and cracks.
- Call a professional when you have problems
- Compost your garbage or put in trash.

DON'T

- Use a garbage grinder.
- Flush sanitary napkins, tampons, disposable diapers, condoms and other nonbiodegradable products into your system.
- Dump solvents, oils, paints, thinners, disinfectants, pesticides or poisons down the drain. These materials can disrupt the treatment process and contaminate the groundwater.
- Dig in your drainfield or build anything over it.
- Plant anything over the drainfield except grass
- Drive over you drainfield or compact the soil in any way.

If you have any questions or need additional information, contact:

The Groundwater Protection Program Coordinator

Kentucky Energy and Environment Cabinet Kentucky Division of Water Watershed Management Branch Groundwater Section 300 Sower Boulevard, 3rd floor Frankfort, KY 40601 (502) 564-3410

Groundwater Protection Plan Regulation 401 KAR 5:037

http://water.ky.gov/groundwater/Pages/GroundwaterProtection.aspx

Kentucky Cabinet for Health and Family Services
Department of Public Health
Environmental Management Branch
275 E. Main St.
Frankfort, Ky. 40621
(502) 564-4856

Onsite Regulations 902 KAR 10:085
Septic Tank Servicing Regulation 902 KAR 10:170
http://chfs.ky.gov/dph/info/phps/enviromgmt.htm

Homeowner's Manual Onsite Sewage Disposal Systems

http://chfs.ky.gov/NR/rdonlyres/CA014E47-2256-444D-8FE4-84C9FF456C8E/0/onsitesewagemanual.pdf

Check List for

Evaluating Your Septic System

1.	Find and mark the location of the septic system, you should map this information in the space provided in your Groundwater Protection Plan:	Are your septic tank and drainfield less than 100 feet from a lake, stream, or pond?Yes No
•	"Homeowner's Septic System Guide and Record Keeping Folder."	8. Are water-loving trees such as willows, sycamores, birches, or
2.	When was the septic tank last pumped?	water maples growing within 10 feet of the septic tank? Yes □ No □
3.	If the tank was last pumped over three years ago, or if you have recently moved into the house and don't know when the tank was last pumped, contact a septic tank pumper. Have him service the tank and check the baffles.	9. Are there any areas over the septic tank or drainfield where people have frequently driven their cars or trucks? Yes \(\subseteq \text{No} \subseteq \)
4.	Do toilets flush slowly and does water drain slowly from sinks and tubs, or does either "gurgle"? Yes □ No □	10. Have any additions been made to the house since the present septic system was installed? Yes \(\subseteq \text{No} \subseteq \]
5.	Is there any standing water, soggy ground, or smelly liquid in or near the drainfield? Yes □ No □	11. Do you have dripping faucets or a toilet that runs continuously or gradually loses water from its tank?
6.	Does the ground slope toward the septic system?	Yes □ No □
	Yes □ No □	12. Do you put cigarette butts, coffee grounds, cooking fats, disposable diapers, facial tissue, wet-strength towels, or other non-biodegradable materials into your septic tank? Yes □ No □

If you have answered YES to one or more of questions 4 - 12, the septic system may not be functioning correctly. Call your local health department, or seek other professional help. Should repair of the system be necessary, be sure to engage the services of a professional who has a groundwater protection plan on file.